



LIBRARIES AND LEARNING

### **Developing Maths Confidence**

#### Maths Learning Centre (MLC)

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#### Do you avoid maths?

When people find out that I teach and learn maths a more common response is: I hated maths! I enjoyed maths I failed my maths so many times! skipped my maths classes I was good at maths I wasn't very good at maths!



### Possible causes



Poor past experiences of maths

Hierarchical, abstract and conceptual nature of learning maths

> Maths anxiety







> Maths anxiety

- Understanding it
- Identifying it
- Review results of Identification
- Using the Growth Zone
- Some strategies



**Starter Activity** 



- What would you have said to me about maths?
- Write down your best or worst experience of maths teaching so far
- Discuss with your neighbour(s)
- Feedback



### Past experiences



- Reluctant or uninspiring teaching
- Loss of interest and engagement
- > Misunderstanding
- Loss of connection with surrounding







Leading to gaps in understanding and skills

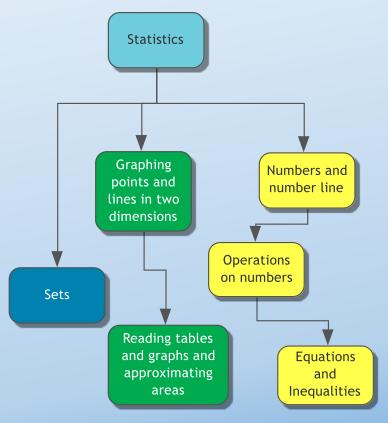
- Overcome by:
- Engage with lifelong learning
- Inspiring encouraging teachers



### Hierarchical maths



- Fluency with fundamental skills is crucial
- Concepts around measure, proportions and representation
- Big impact of Gaps and /or misunderstanding due to breaks



Statistics Course Example



### **Hierarchical maths**



# Leading to missing blocks and gaps in understanding and skills

#### Overcome by:

- Lectures and seminars
- Personal tutorials
- Maths Learning Centre







"Mathematics anxiety (MA) is the irrational dread of mathematics that interferes with manipulating numbers and solving mathematics problems within a variety of everyday life and academic situations."

Manifests akin to a mild form of posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD)







It is thought to affect a large proportion of the population.

- Jones (2001) found that 26% of 9000 American students had a moderate to high levels of maths anxiety
- Perry (2004) found that 85% of students in introductory maths classes claimed to experience at least mild maths anxiety

Maths Anxiety



Poor performance





#### Emotional

- Feeling of helplessness
- Lack of confidence
- Nervous about being put on the spot
- Embarrassment
- Feeling of hollowness in stomach





### Physical Symptoms

- Irregular heartbeat and breathing
- Sweatiness
- Shakiness
- > Nausea





#### Mental Symptoms

- Frustration from trying and not being successful
- > Not knowing where to start
- Never getting the right answer
- Very stressed before and during exams





### **Behavioural Symptoms**

- Biting nails and/or fidgeting
- > Begin to shut down, and stop listening
- Just wanting to quit and go home
- Falling asleep

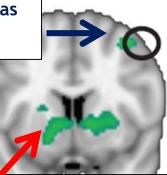


### Identifiable



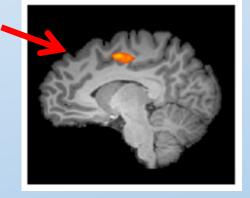
By MRI brain scanners have shown that maths anxiety has measurable effects on parts of the brain used to understand maths.

Working memory areas needed for maths



Anxiety **reduces** brain power in them

Pain region activated when thinking about maths



# Measured by the Mathematics Anxiety Rating Scale (MARS) [1]





The pain region is activated in MA student when doing even thinking about maths

- Working memory is reduced
- Need working memory to problem solve and do maths

#### Maths Anxiety exists!



#### Negative Cycle of the Maths Problem



Bad experiences involving mathematics

Poor mathematics performance Avoidance of mathematics practice



#### Timed - fast snappy decisions!







### Consider the symptoms



#### **Reflective Activity:**

Think about the last time you felt these kinds of symptoms and ask yourself how that related to the last time you did maths.

No open discussion here do relax - but happy to talk to anyone individually if necessary.







#### The Mathematics Anxiety Rating Scale–Revised (MARS–R; Plake & Parker, 1982)

	<b>1</b> =Not Anxious; <b>2</b> =Little Anxious; <b>3</b> =Neutral; <b>4</b> =Anxious; <b>5</b> =Highly Anxious							
#	Question	1	2	3	4	5		
1	Getting ready to study for a maths test.							
2	Reading the work "Statistics".							
3	Being told how to interpret probability statements.							
4	Reading and interpreting graphs or charts.							
5	Taking an examination (final) in a maths course.							
6	Picking up a maths textbook to begin working on a homework assignment.							
7	Starting a new chapter in a maths book.							
8	Waiting to get a maths test returned in which you expected to do well.							
9	Reading a formula in chemistry.							
10	Being given a homework assignment of many difficult problems which is due the next class meeting.							
11	Being given a "pop" quiz in a maths class.							







Area	Questions	Total Score
Maths Learning Anxiety	2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24	40/80
Maths Assessment Anxiety	1, 5, 8, 10, 11, 13, 15, 19,	20/40

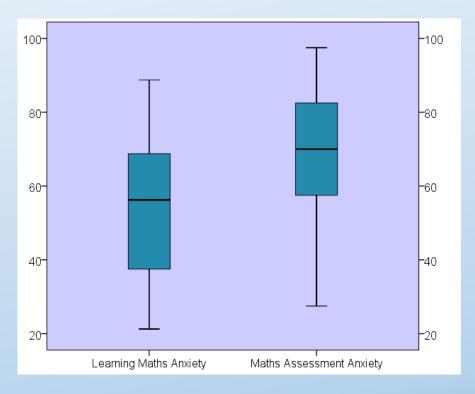
Over 50% on either scales indicate Maths Anxiety

Remember context/need for maths ability.









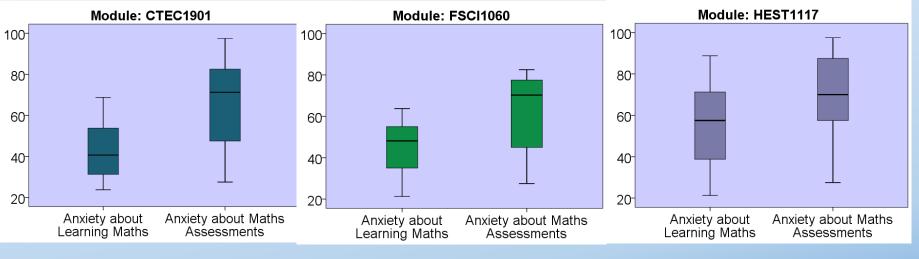
Area	Maths Learning Anxiety	Maths Assessment Anxiety
Median	56.35%	70.00%
IQR	31.56%	26.88%

Over 50% on either scales indicate Maths Anxiety









Entry: GCSE Maths C

Entry: GCSE Maths C

Entry: No Maths



## Using Identification of MA



The following regression models gives an indication of the relationship between assessment anxiety and engagement with learning; (Intercept/constants is not sig., the coefficients are sig.).

CTEC1901: 13.500 + 0.447 (Asst Anxiety) = Learning Anxiety FSCI1060: 4.011 + 0.640 (Asst Anxiety) = Learning Anxiety HEST1117: -3.830 + 0.851 (Asst Anxiety) = Learning Anxiety

Can this information be deployed to increase engagement



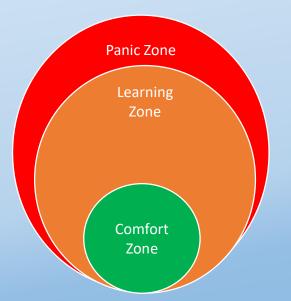
### The Growth Zone Model



#### Growth zones: Comfort, Learning and Panic

#### Ref: S. Johnson-Wilder

- the green Comfort Zone represents a place where you are confident about your skills and ability
- the amber Learning Zone is a place where you can to learn and develop with some help and
- the red Panic Zone is where you are not confident or comfortable and causes you distress









#### Some Strategies

- Don't avoid doing the maths!
- Maths anxiety awareness
- Self-belief
- Practice, practice, practice!
- Understand rather than memorise
- One-to-one support
- Peer learning







#### Some Strategies

- > Use online materials that suit you
- Test yourself!
- De-stress look out for Mindfulness classes
- > Do the easy questions first in exams
- Write down your fears narrow down what the concern is







Develop Practical Strategies e.g.

- > Not knowing where to start
  - Read the question and highlight what is asked for: e.g. units, solve for x
  - Highlight what method/operation to be made use of: e.g. addition, division





### Considering your strategies

#### **Discussion Activity:**

Consider an approach or strategy you have used in an anxious or stressful situation.

Discuss as much as possible with your neighbor the situation and your approach.



#### Turning it around - Positive Cycle



Good experiences involving mathematics

Improved mathematics performance Engagement with mathematics practice







#### > The Maths solution

- Past experiences of maths
  - Giving students a positive experience to help reengage
- Nature of learning maths
  - Developing problem solving skills for life-long learning
- Maths anxiety
  - > As per talk







- 1. Marshall, E.M., Wilson, D.A., and Mann, V.E. (2018). Evaluating the effectiveness of maths anxiety awareness workshops. *Journal of Learning Development in Higher Education*.
- 2. Vygotsky L.S. 1981. The genesis of higher mental functions. In The Concept of Activity in Soviet Psychology, (ed.) J.V. Wertsch, Armonk, NY, Sharpe.
- 3. <u>http://www.mathematicalresilience.org/</u>
- 4. https://nrich.maths.org/resilience